Irish Economy Watch



AIB Treasury Economic Research Unit

Thursday 19 November 2020

	Mar-20	Apr-20	May-20	Jun-20	Jul-20	Aug-20	Sep-20	Oct-20	Manufacturing PMI edged
MANUFACTURING									higher to 50.3 in October as the survey points to broadly stable
AIB Manufacturing PMI	45.1	36.0	39.2	51.0	57.3	52.3	50.0	50.3	but subdued business conditions
OECD Leading Indicator	98.8	93.4	94.1	97.6	99.2	99.4	99.6	99.7	in the sector
									Traditional industrial production
Industrial Production (Ex-Modern)	112.7	86.5	82.6	93.7	110.8	109.5	110.6	#N/A	moved higher in September as output rebounded by 25.9% in
Production (Ex-Modern) : 3mma YoY% 3mth / 3mth % seas. adj.	1.7 2.4	-10.0 -9.6	-17.7 -16.3	-21.2 -22.9	-14.2 -6.6	-5.3 11.4	-0.7 25.9	#N/A #N/A	Q3. YoY growth rate at -0.7%
Jiliti / Jiliti / Jeas. adj.	2.4	-7.0	-10.5	-22.7	-0.0	11.4	23.7	πΙΝ/ Δ	
SERVICES / RETAIL									Services PMI stayed in contraction but improved to 48.3
AIB Services PMI	32.5	13.9	23.4	39.7	51.9	52.4	45.8	48.3	in October. Weak demand was
CSO Services Index (Value)	124.4	98.1	101.0	114.1	114.5	115.1	121.1	#N/A	evident from a decline in new business, with firms linking this
- YoY %	-0.4	-21.8	-19.3	-10.5	-10.6	-9.1	-4.0	#N/A	to Covid-19 restrictions
- 3mth / 3mth % seas. adj.	1.1	-6.3	-13.3	-16.6	-5.4	6.2	12.0	#N/A	CSO Services Index rose in
SIMI Car Registrations	6,006	343	1,741	1,006	21,172	4,810	5,651	2,297	September and was up 12% in
- 12 mth cum total	102,769	94,208	89,629	89,187	85,718	85,441	87,677	87,797	Q3. Still below pre-Covid levels
- 3 mma YoY %	-22.3	-52.1	-74.6	-81.4	-26.2	-13.4	-4.7	19.5	New car sales continued to
Retail Sales Index	104.0	66.8	88.4	122.6	128.1	129.6	131.5	#N/A	recover up 5.5% YoY in October. Although, weak H1 means YTD
- YoY %	-11.3	-43.7	-25.0	3.7	9.3	8.7	9.7	#N/A	total down 25% YoY
- 3mth / 3mth % seas. adj.	-5.5	-19.7	-28.0	-18.9	17.1	46.7	40.1	#N/A	Core retail sales up 1% in Sept.
Ex Autos Index	118.4	90.3	102.4	123.2	126.4	127.7	129.0	#N/A	Now 7.5% higher than Feb.
- YoY %	-0.3	-24.9	-14.0	3.5	5.5	6.7	7.4	#N/A	levels. Recovery remains uneven
- 3mth / 3mth % seas. adj.	-0.4	-9.1	-14.1	-12.1	7.1	21.3	21.3	#N/A	across sectors
RESIDENTIAL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVIT	~								Construction PMI moved higher
Construction PMI: Ulster Bank	28.9	4.5	19.9	51.9	53.2	44.0	47.0	48.6	for the third month running to 48.6, but still below 50. Business
- Housing Activity	32.4	4.9	21.4	55.8	57.8	44.7	44.1	50.3	expectations (51.9), new orders
- Commercial Activity	28.2	3.1	25.6	50.9	50.2	41.6	49.2	46.7	(51.8) and housing activity (50.3) all improved. Commercial
- New Orders	33.9	10.1	24.6	46.0	53.8	46.5	48.8	51.8	activity (46.7) slipped backwards
- Business Expectations	36.0	37.1	48.6	54.6	55.9	53.5	48.7	51.9	Commencements continue to
Commencements: 12mth Total	26,541	25,606	24,617	23,929	23,379	22,066	#N/A	#N/A	move lower in August. 12 month
- 3 Month Avg YoY %	4.6	-16.8	-32.0	-45.7	-37.7	-36.8	#N/A	#N/A	cumulative total just above 22k, lowest level since Dec.18
HOUSING MARKET ACTIVITY									
BPFI Mortgage Approvals : Month	2,995	706	1,320	1,688	2,713	3,337	3,927	#N/A	Recovery in mortgage approvals continued in September. 12
- 3 Month Avg YoY %	-0.3	-29.9	-52.4	-66.1	-51.8	-32.7	-8.4	#N/A	month cumulative total rose to
- 12 Mth Total	39,725	37,124	34,484	32,480	30,966	30,722	31,561	#N/A	31.5K
RPPR Transactions : Month	4,412	2,619	2,565	3,038	3,635	2,912	4,144	4,235	Transactions continued to rise in
- 3 Month Avg YoY %	-1.0	-17.7	-30.1	-40.3	-37.3	-35.5	-31.4	-27.6	October. However, 3 month
- 12 Mth Total	58,291	56,372	54,035	52,744	50,875	48,767	47,857	46,578	average down 27.6% YoY. 12 month total dips below 47k
HOUSING MARKET PRICES									House prices rose by 0.2% in
CSO Price Index - MoM	0.1	-0.1	-0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	#N/A	September, YoY growth rate at
- YoY %	1.0	0.7	0.4	0.0	-0.7	-0.9	-0.8	#N/A	-0.8%. Ex-Dublin price inflation
Daft Asking Prices: MoM %	1.8	-5.4	3.8	-0.5	2.5	1.9	0.3	#N/A	(+0.1%) continues to outpace the capital (-1.7%)
- YoY %	-1.7	-6.6	-1.4	-3.4	0.1	2.6	5.2	#N/A	
RENTS: CSO Private Rents - MoM%	-0.4	-1.8	-1.1	-0.3	0.2	0.2	0.4	-0.5	CSO rental index fell by 0.5% in Oct. following three months of
- YoY %	3.1	0.8	-0.7	-0.3	-1.4	-1.8	-2.6	-3.2	gains. YoY rate slipped to -3.2%.
									Affordability relatively stable,
AFFORDABILITY: Couple on Avg IndustMortgage as % of Disposable Income	rial Wage, 17.3	90% LTV, 17.9	30 Years, A 17.9	AIB Mortga 17.9	ige Rate, i #N/A	Prices: CSC #N/A	Perm 15 #N/A	B #N/A	though volatility in industrial
mortgage as 70 or Disposable income	17.5	11.9	11.7	11.7	11 N/A	11 N/ A	11 N/ A	11 IN/ /\texts	wages sees measure rise in Q2

	Mar-20	Apr-20	May-20	Jun-20	Jul-20	Aug-20	Sep-20	Oct-20	CPI inflation (-1.5%) moved
CONSUMER PRICES - YoY %	0.7	-0.1	-0.5	-0.4	-0.4	-1.0	-1.2	-1.5	further into deflationary territory in October. A reduction in air travel, lower fuel prices, VAT rate cut and falling rents all contributed to the fall. HICP at – 1.5% in October also
- MoM %	0.4	-0.4	-0.5	0.3	-0.2	-0.1	-0.4	-0.6	
HICP - YoY %	0.5	-0.3	-0.8	-0.6	-0.6	-1.1	-1.2	-1.5	
- MoM %	0.4	-0.4	-0.6	0.4	-0.2	-0.1	-0.4	-0.5	
PERSONAL / FINANCIAL									Consumer sentiment dropped sharply in Oct. as rising Covid
KBC/ESRI Consumer Confidence	77.3	42.6	52.3	61.6	62.6	58.9	60.7	52.6	cases and restrictions weigh on household confidence
Credit Growth YoY %									Household credit declined by
- Private Sector (Underlying)	-1.0	-0.7	-1.8	-2.2	-2.2		-2.6	#N/A	1.5% YoY in Sept. Mortgage
- of which : Household - of which : Mortgage Lending	-0.1 -0.3	-0.5 -0.3	-0.8 -0.5	-0.9 -0.6	-1.3 -0.7		-1.5 -1.0	#N/A #N/A	lending fell by 1% YoY
- or writerr : Mortgage Lending	-0.5	-0.5	-0.5	-0.0	-0.7	-0.0	-1.0	#IN/ PA	Official unemployment rate at
ABOUR MARKET								7.3% in October. Covid adjusted rate up to 20.2% as restrictions	
Live Register	208,400	216,300	227,900	214,200	227,200	215,100		211,600	re-imposed. PUP payments continue to rise in November
- Change In Month	+25,700	+7,900	+11,600	-13,700	+13,000	-12,100	+900	-4,400	
Unemployment Rate %	5.0	4.6	4.7	5.2	6.2	6.7	7.3	7.3	Employment subcomponent of manufacturing PMI above 50 in
PMI Employment Indices									October for only the third time
- AIB Manufacturing	42.6	30.5	40.1	46.1	50.8	47.5	49.1	50.8	in the last 12 months. Construction also above 50,
- AIB Services	47.3	31.1	32.9	40.1	46.1	47.3	47.0	47.4	while services improves to 47.4
- Ulster Bank Construction	39.4	22.6	26.7	43.3	47.5	48.3	48.9	51.6	
MERCHANDISE TRADE									Both exports and imports rebounded strongly in Q3 as
	10.1		0.6	12.0	2.0	2.0	10.0	// N. I. / A	economies re-opened. Exports
Export Values - 3M / 3M % - 3MMA YoY %	10.1 16.7	5.7 9.2	8.6 8.6	-12.9 -1.9	-3.8 2.2		10.8 8.3	#N/A #N/A	up €8.6bn (7.6%) YTD, led by pharma and medical products
									(+24%). Imports down €4.6bn (6.9%) YTD, but remain distorted
Import Values - 3M / 3M % - 3MMA YoY %	-2.5 0.9	-8.7 -4.3	-18.9 -15.2	-16.2 -15.3	2.4 -5.6		13.5 -6.2	#N/A #N/A	by aircraft imports
DUDLIC FINANCES									Tax receipts down 5.3% YTD in
PUBLIC FINANCES	4.4	0.6	0.0	0.7	2.5	2.2	2.0	F 2	October. Corporation tax fell by 81% compared to Oct.'19 but still
Total Tax Receipts: Cum YTD % Voted Spending : Cum YTD %	1.1 13.5	-0.6 23.4	0.0 24.9	0.7 27.3	-2.5 29.5			-5.3 24.6	11.4% ahead on a YTD basis. Net
Exchequer Bal: 12 Mth Total €m	-922			_,		20.0			-voted expenditure up 24.6%. Exchequer deficit up to €11.7bn
	-)	-3,634	-5,434	-4,944	-7,654	-8,180	-8,764	-9,337	Exchequer deficit up to €11./bn
OLIA DTEDI V DATA	-722			,	<u> </u>	,	,		
QUARTERLY DATA	-522	-3,634 Q4-18	-5,434 Q1-19	-4,944 Q2-19	<u> </u>	,	-8,764 -20 Q2-2 0		Irish GDP contracted by 6.1% in Q2 much smaller than expected.
GDP - YoY %	-722			,	<u> </u>	,	,	Q3-20	Irish GDP contracted by 6.1% in
GDP - YoY % *Domestic Demand - YoY%	-722	Q4-18 3.4 3.1	Q1-19	Q2-19	Q3-19 (5.9 2.9	-20 Q2-20 5.7 -3.0 0.9 -15.7	Q3-20 #N/A #N/A	Irish GDP contracted by 6.1% in Q2 much smaller than expected. Due to favourable export
GDP - YoY % *Domestic Demand - YoY% Consumer Spending - YoY %	722	Q4-18 3.4 3.1 2.0	Q1-19 4.4 3.8 3.4	Q2-19 5.6 2.0 3.6	Q3-19 C 6.3 4.5 3.0	5.9 2.9 2.7	-20 Q2-20 5.7 -3.0 0.9 -15.7 -2.5 -22.1	Q3-20 #N/A #N/A #N/A	Irish GDP contracted by 6.1% in Q2 much smaller than expected. Due to favourable export product mix (Pharma etc.) However, modified final domestic demand down 16.4%
GDP - YoY % *Domestic Demand - YoY%		Q4-18 3.4 3.1	Q1-19 4.4 3.8	Q2-19 5.6 2.0	Q3-19 C 6.3 4.5	5.9 2.9 2.7	-20 Q2-20 5.7 -3.0 0.9 -15.7	Q3-20 #N/A #N/A #N/A	Irish GDP contracted by 6.1% in Q2 much smaller than expected. Due to favourable export product mix (Pharma etc.) However, modified final
**Domestic Demand - YoY% Consumer Spending - YoY % Services Exports - YoY % (3Q Avg) **Excludes Some Investment Related to the Multi-		Q4-18 3.4 3.1 2.0	Q1-19 4.4 3.8 3.4	Q2-19 5.6 2.0 3.6	Q3-19 C 6.3 4.5 3.0	5.9 2.9 2.7	-20 Q2-20 5.7 -3.0 0.9 -15.7 -2.5 -22.1	Q3-20 #N/A #N/A #N/A	Irish GDP contracted by 6.1% in Q2 much smaller than expected. Due to favourable export product mix (Pharma etc.) However, modified final domestic demand down 16.4% in Q2, with consumer spending falling by 20% in the quarter Employment declined by 1.4%
*Domestic Demand - YoY% Consumer Spending - YoY % Services Exports - YoY % (3Q Avg) * Excludes Some Investment Related to the Multi-		Q4-18 3.4 3.1 2.0 12.2	Q1-19 4.4 3.8 3.4 12.5	Q2-19 5.6 2.0 3.6 13.2	Q3-19 (6.3 4.5 3.0 13.4	5.9 2.9 2.7 13.6	5.7 -3.0 0.9 -15.7 -2.5 -22.1 0.1 3.4	#N/A #N/A #N/A #N/A	Irish GDP contracted by 6.1% in Q2 much smaller than expected. Due to favourable export product mix (Pharma etc.) However, modified final domestic demand down 16.4% in Q2, with consumer spending falling by 20% in the quarter Employment declined by 1.4% YoY in Q3, but this understates
**Domestic Demand - YoY% Consumer Spending - YoY % Services Exports - YoY % (3Q Avg) **Excludes Some Investment Related to the Multi-		Q4-18 3.4 3.1 2.0	Q1-19 4.4 3.8 3.4	Q2-19 5.6 2.0 3.6	Q3-19 C 6.3 4.5 3.0	5.9 2.9 2.7	-20 Q2-20 5.7 -3.0 0.9 -15.7 -2.5 -22.1	#N/A #N/A #N/A - 1.4	Irish GDP contracted by 6.1% in Q2 much smaller than expected. Due to favourable export product mix (Pharma etc.) However, modified final domestic demand down 16.4% in Q2, with consumer spending falling by 20% in the quarter Employment declined by 1.4% YoY in Q3, but this understates labour market weakness, with many jobs relying on
*Domestic Demand - YoY% Consumer Spending - YoY % Services Exports - YoY % (3Q Avg) * Excludes Some Investment Related to the Multi- EMPLOYMENT & EARNINGS Employment YoY %		Q4-18 3.4 3.1 2.0 12.2	Q1-19 4.4 3.8 3.4 12.5	G2-19 5.6 2.0 3.6 13.2	6.3 4.5 3.0 13.4	5.9 2.9 2.7 13.6	5.7 -3.0 0.9 -15.7 -2.5 -22.1 0.1 3.4	#N/A #N/A #N/A - 1.4	Irish GDP contracted by 6.1% in Q2 much smaller than expected. Due to favourable export product mix (Pharma etc.) However, modified final domestic demand down 16.4% in Q2, with consumer spending falling by 20% in the quarter Employment declined by 1.4% YoY in Q3, but this understates labour market weakness, with many jobs relying on government supports
**Pomestic Demand - YoY% Consumer Spending - YoY % Services Exports - YoY % (3Q Avg) **Excludes Some Investment Related to the Multi **EMPLOYMENT & EARNINGS Employment YoY % Labour Force YoY %		Q4-18 3.4 3.1 2.0 12.2	91-19 4.4 3.8 3.4 12.5	G2-19 5.6 2.0 3.6 13.2	6.3 4.5 3.0 13.4	5.9 2.9 2.7 13.6	5.7 -3.0 0.9 -15.7 -2.5 -22.1 0.1 3.4	#N/A #N/A #N/A -1.4 0.6	Irish GDP contracted by 6.1% in Q2 much smaller than expected. Due to favourable export product mix (Pharma etc.) However, modified final domestic demand down 16.4% in Q2, with consumer spending falling by 20% in the quarter Employment declined by 1.4% YoY in Q3, but this understates labour market weakness, with many jobs relying on government supports Weekly earnings growth higher
Consumer Spending - YoY % Consumer Spending - YoY % Services Exports - YoY % (3Q Avg) ** Excludes Some Investment Related to the Multi **EMPLOYMENT & EARNINGS Employment YoY % Labour Force YoY % Average Earnings YoY % - Hourly - Weekly		Q4-18 3.4 3.1 2.0 12.2 2.3 1.5	91-19 4.4 3.8 3.4 12.5	5.6 2.0 3.6 13.2 2.0 1.3	G3-19 (6.3 4.5 3.0 13.4	5.9 2.9 2.7 13.6	-20 Q2-20 5.7 -3.0 0.9 -15.7 -2.5 -22.1 0.1 3.4	#N/A #N/A #N/A -1.4 0.6 #N/A	Irish GDP contracted by 6.1% in Q2 much smaller than expected. Due to favourable export product mix (Pharma etc.) However, modified final domestic demand down 16.4% in Q2, with consumer spending falling by 20% in the quarter Employment declined by 1.4% YoY in Q3, but this understates labour market weakness, with many jobs relying on government supports Weekly earnings growth higher in Q2 2020, as the composition of the labour market changed
Consumer Spending - YoY % Consumer Spending - YoY % Services Exports - YoY % (3Q Avg) ** Excludes Some Investment Related to the Multi **EMPLOYMENT & EARNINGS Employment YoY % Labour Force YoY % Average Earnings YoY % - Hourly - Weekly Weekly Earnings YoY %		Q4-18 3.4 3.1 2.0 12.2 2.3 1.5 3.2 3.5	91-19 4.4 3.8 3.4 12.5 3.7 2.7 2.8 3.6	5.6 2.0 3.6 13.2 2.0 1.3 3.3 3.6	03-19 (6.3 4.5 3.0 13.4 2.4 1.6 4.0 3.6	5.9 2.9 2.7 13.6 3.5 2.6 3.9 3.8	-20 Q2-20 5.7 -3.0 0.9 -15.7 -2.5 -22.1 0.1 3.4 2.2 -3.4 2.1 -3.7 3.0 7.9 3.7 6.2	#N/A #N/A #N/A -1.4 0.6 #N/A #N/A	Irish GDP contracted by 6.1% in Q2 much smaller than expected. Due to favourable export product mix (Pharma etc.) However, modified final domestic demand down 16.4% in Q2, with consumer spending falling by 20% in the quarter Employment declined by 1.4% YoY in Q3, but this understates labour market weakness, with many jobs relying on government supports Weekly earnings growth higher in Q2 2020, as the composition of the labour market changed with more lower paid workers
Consumer Spending - YoY % Consumer Spending - YoY % Services Exports - YoY % (3Q Avg) ** Excludes Some Investment Related to the Multi **EMPLOYMENT & EARNINGS Employment YoY % Labour Force YoY % Average Earnings YoY % - Hourly - Weekly		Q4-18 3.4 3.1 2.0 12.2 2.3 1.5	91-19 4.4 3.8 3.4 12.5 3.7 2.7	5.6 2.0 3.6 13.2 2.0 1.3	6.3 4.5 3.0 13.4 2.4 1.6	5.9 2.9 2.7 13.6 3.5 2.6 3.9 3.8	5.7 -3.0 0.9 -15.7 -2.5 -22.1 0.1 3.4 2.2 -3.4 2.1 -3.7	#N/A #N/A #N/A #N/A #N/A #N/A #N/A	Irish GDP contracted by 6.1% in Q2 much smaller than expected. Due to favourable export product mix (Pharma etc.) However, modified final domestic demand down 16.4% in Q2, with consumer spending falling by 20% in the quarter Employment declined by 1.4% YoY in Q3, but this understates labour market weakness, with many jobs relying on government supports Weekly earnings growth higher in Q2 2020, as the composition of the labour market changed
**Domestic Demand - YoY% Consumer Spending - YoY % Services Exports - YoY % (3Q Avg) **Excludes Some Investment Related to the Multi EMPLOYMENT & EARNINGS Employment YoY % Labour Force YoY % Average Earnings YoY % - Hourly - Weekly Weekly Earnings YoY % - Private Sector - Public Sector		2.3 1.5 3.9 1.8	3.8 3.4 12.5 3.7 2.7 2.8 3.6 4.5 0.8	2.0 1.3 2.0 1.3 3.6 4.0 1.9	G3-19 G 6.3 4.5 3.0 13.4 2.4 1.6 4.0 3.6 4.0 1.3	3.5 2.6 3.8 4.0 3.1	-20 Q2-20 5.7 -3.0 0.9 -15.7 -2.5 -22.1 0.1 3.4 2.2 -3.4 2.1 -3.7 3.0 7.9 3.7 6.2 4.0 6.4 3.1 2.3	#N/A #N/A #N/A #N/A #N/A #N/A #N/A	Irish GDP contracted by 6.1% in Q2 much smaller than expected. Due to favourable export product mix (Pharma etc.) However, modified final domestic demand down 16.4% in Q2, with consumer spending falling by 20% in the quarter Employment declined by 1.4% YoY in Q3, but this understates labour market weakness, with many jobs relying on government supports Weekly earnings growth higher in Q2 2020, as the composition of the labour market changed with more lower paid workers falling out of the labour force than higher paid Completions down 9.4% YoY in
**Consumer Spending - YoY % Consumer Spending - YoY % Services Exports - YoY % (3Q Avg) ** Excludes Some Investment Related to the Multi **EMPLOYMENT & EARNINGS Employment YoY % Labour Force YoY % Average Earnings YoY % - Hourly - Weekly Weekly Earnings YoY % - Private Sector		Q4-18 3.4 3.1 2.0 12.2 2.3 1.5 3.2 3.5	91-19 4.4 3.8 3.4 12.5 3.7 2.7 2.8 3.6 4.5	92-19 5.6 2.0 3.6 13.2 2.0 1.3 3.3 3.6 4.0	G3-19 G 6.3 4.5 3.0 13.4 2.4 1.6 4.0 3.6 4.0 1.3	3.5 2.6 3.9 3.5 2.6 3.9 3.8 4.0 3.1	-20 Q2-20 5.7 -3.0 0.9 -15.7 -2.5 -22.1 0.1 3.4 2.2 -3.4 2.1 -3.7 3.0 7.9 3.7 6.2	#N/A #N/A #N/A -1.4 0.6 #N/A #N/A #N/A #N/A #N/A #N/A #N/A	Irish GDP contracted by 6.1% in Q2 much smaller than expected. Due to favourable export product mix (Pharma etc.) However, modified final domestic demand down 16.4% in Q2, with consumer spending falling by 20% in the quarter Employment declined by 1.4% YoY in Q3, but this understates labour market weakness, with many jobs relying on government supports Weekly earnings growth higher in Q2 2020, as the composition of the labour market changed with more lower paid workers falling out of the labour force than higher paid



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