Irish Economy Watch



AIB Treasury Economic Research Unit

Thursday 22 October 2020

	Feb-20	Mar-20	Apr-20	May-20	Jun-20	Jul-20	Aug-20	Sep-20	Manufacturing PMI fell to 50.0 in
MANUFACTURING									September as summer rebound came to a halt. Weakening
AIB Manufacturing PMI	51.2	45.1	36.0	39.2	51.0	57.3	52.3	50.0	demand a result of Covid-19 and
OECD Leading Indicator	99.8	98.7	93.3	94.1	97.5	99.1	99.3	99.3	EU-UK trade talks uncertainty
La divertical Dan diverticas (Ev. Mandagas)	100.2	112.6	06.5	02.0	02.7	110.0	100.4	#N1/A	Traditional industrial output fell
Industrial Production (Ex-Modern) Production (Ex-Modern): 3mma YoY%	108.3 2.8	112.6 1.7	86.5 -10.0	82.9 -17.6	93.7 -21.2	110.9 -14.1	108.4 -5.8	#N/A #N/A	back in August, although still above February's level. YoY growth rate at –5.8%
3mth / 3mth % seas. adj.	0.4	2.5	-9.5	-16.2	-22.8	-6.5	11.0	#N/A	
SERVICES / RETAIL									Services PMI moved down to
AIB Services PMI	59.9	32.5	13.9	23.4	39.7	51.9	52.4	45.8	45.8 in line with trends elsewhere across the Eurozone. Activity declined across all four sub-sectors. Business conditions very challenging for the sector
CSO Services Index (Value) - YoY %	125.8 0.6	124.6 -0.4	98.1 -21.8	101.0 -19.3	114.1 -10.5	114.5 -10.6	115.4 -8.7	#N/A #N/A	
- 3mth / 3mth % seas. adj.	-0.7	1.2	-21.0 -6.2	-19.3	-10.5	-10.6	-o. <i>1</i> 6.3	#N/A #N/A	very challenging for the sector
,									CSO Services Index moved
SIMI Car Registrations	13,098	6,007	343	1,741	1,006	21,181	4,824	5,669	higher in August but remained well below pre-Covid levels
- 12 mth cum total - 3 mma YoY %	113,409	102,729	94,168	89,589	89,187	85,687	85,424	87,678	·
- 3 HIIIId 101 70	-7.6	-22.4	-52.2	-74.6	-81.4	-26.2	-13.4	-4.5	New car sales up 66% in the month compared to last
Retail Sales Index	118.7	103.9	66.7	88.4	122.4	127.8	129.4	#N/A	September. Although, weak H1
- YoY %	0.0	-11.4	-43.8	-25.0	3.6	9.4	8.9	#N/A	means YTD total down 26% YoY
- 3mth / 3mth % seas. adj.	-0.6	-5.6	-19.8	-28.0	-18.9	17.0	46.6	#N/A	Core retail sales up 1% in August.
Ex Autos Index	120.0	118.3	90.1	101.8	123.1	125.8	127.1	#N/A	Core sales 5.9% higher than Feb.
- YoY %	8.0	-0.3	-25.0	-14.2	3.5	5.3	5.9	#N/A	levels, but rebound uneven across sectors
- 3mth / 3mth % seas. adj.	0.3	-0.6	-9.2	-14.3	-12.3	6.8	21.2	#N/A	across sectors
RESIDENTIAL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVIT	v								Construction PMI rose to 47.0.
Construction PMI: Ulster Bank	50.6	28.9	4.5	19.9	51.9	53.2	44.0	47.0	Housing activity edged lower (44.1), commercial activity
- Housing Activity	49.7	32.4	4.9	21.4	55.8	57.8	44.7	44.1	neared stabilisation (49.2), new
- Commercial Activity	52.1	28.2	3.1	25.6	50.9	50.2	41.6	49.2	orders moderated (48.8). Business expectations fell to its
- New Orders	53.6	33.9	10.1	24.6	46.0	53.8	46.5	48.8	lowest level in 4 months (48.7)
- Business Expectations	64.7	36.0	37.1	48.6	54.6	55.9	53.5	48.7	
Commencements: 12mth Total	26,635	26,541	25,606	24,617	23,929	23,379	22,066	#N/A	Commencements moved lower in August, from an already
- 3 Month Avg YoY %	11.0	4.6	-16.8	-32.0	-45.7	-37.7	-36.8	#N/A	subdued level. 12 month
									cumulative total just above 22k, lowest level since Dec.18
HOUSING MARKET ACTIVITY									lowest level since Dec.10
BPFI Mortgage Approvals : Month	2,838	2,995	706	1,320	1,688	2,713	3,337	#N/A	Bounce back in mortgage
- 3 Month Avg YoY %	4.7	-0.3	-29.9	-52.4	-66.1	-51.8	-32.7	#N/A	approvals continued in August. However, 12 month total still far
- 12 Mth Total	40,006	39,725	37,124	34,484	32,480	30,966	30,722	#N/A	below pre-Covid level
RPPR Transactions : Month	3,632	4,403	2,625	2,565	3,034	3,625	2,865	3,475	
- 3 Month Avg YoY % - 12 Mth Total	1.0 58,147	-1.2 58,264	-17.8 56,351	-30.1 54,014	-40.3 52,719	-37.4 50,840	-35.9 48,685	-36.0 47,106	Residential property transactions rise in September, but well
	,- 17	00,E0 r	00,001	0.,011	J=,/±/	00,010	. 5,000	,100	below September '19 level. 12 month total below 48k
HOUSING MARKET PRICES									month total below 46k
CSO Price Index - MoM	-0.2	0.1	-0.1	-0.1	0.1	0.2	0.4	#N/A	House prices rose by 0.4% in
- YoY %	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.4	0.0	-0.7	-0.6	#N/A	August, YoY growth rate at - 0.6%. Ex-Dublin price inflation
Daft Asking Prices: MoM %	0.4	1.8	-5.4	3.8	-0.5	2.5	1.9	0.3	(+0.3%) continues to outpace the
- YoY %	-2.2	-1.7	-6.6	-1.4	-3.4	0.1	2.6	5.2	capital (-1.6%)
RENTS: CSO Private Rents - MoM%	0.3	-0.4	-1.8	-1.1	-0.3	0.2	0.2	0.4	CSO rental index up 0.4% in
- YoY %	3.9	3.1	0.8	-0.7	-1.2	-1.4	-1.8	-2.6	September, the biggest rise this
AFFORDARII ITV: Counto on Ave Indicate	rial \A/aac								year but down 2.6% YoY
AFFORDABILITY: Couple on Avg IndustMortgage as % of Disposable Income	riai wage, 17.3	90% LTV, 3	30 Years, <i>1</i> 17.9	AIB Mortga 17.9	age Rate, F 17.9	rices: CSC #N/A	#N/A	#N/A	Affordability relatively stable,
	11.5	11.5	11.7	11.7	11.7				though volatility in industrial wages sees measure rise in Q2
									<u> </u>

	Feb-20	Mar-20	Apr-20	May-20	Jun-20	Jul-20	Aug-20	Sep-20	In September, CPI inflation
CONSUMER PRICES - YoY %	1.1	0.7	-0.1	-0.5	-0.4	-0.4	-1.0	-1.2	moved further into deflationary territory, with prices down 1.2%
- MoM %	0.6	0.4	-0.4	-0.5	0.3			-0.4	YoY. Reflects VAT cut, decreases
HICP - YoY %	0.9	0.5	-0.3	-0.8	-0.6	-0.6	-1.1	-1.2	in transport, and fall in clothing and footwear. HICP at -1.2% in
- MoM %	0.6	0.4	-0.4	-0.6	0.4			-0.4	September also
PERSONAL / FINANCIAL									Consumer sentiment edged higher in September, but
KBC/ESRI Consumer Confidence	85.2	77.3	42.6	52.3	61.6	62.6	58.9	60.7	remained very subdued
Credit Growth YoY %	00.2	77.0	.2.0	02.0	02.0	02.0		00.7	Household credit outstanding
- Private Sector (Underlying)	-2.6	-1.0	-0.7	-1.8	-2.2	-2.2	-1.8	#N/A	fell by 1.3% YoY in August. Pace
- of which : Household	0.0	-0.1	-0.5	-0.8	-0.9			#N/A	of decline in mortgage stock picks up to -0.8% YoY
- of which: Mortgage Lending	-0.3	-0.3	-0.3	-0.5	-0.6	-0.7	-0.8	#N/A	
LABOUR MARKET									Official unemployment rate at 5.4% in September. Covid
Live Register	183 600	209,600	217,600	227,500	213,000	226,200	213,800	215,400	adjusted measure declined to 14.7% from peak of circa 29% in April
- Change In Month	*	+26,000	+8,000	+9,900	-14,500	,		+1,600	
Unemployment Rate %	4.9	5.0	4.8	4.8	5.0	5.2	2 5.2	5.4	Employment subcomponent of
									manufacturing PMI remains below 50 in September, but did
PMI Employment Indices									move higher in the month.
- AIB Manufacturing - AIB Services	48.4 55.0	42.6 47.3	30.5 31.1	40.1 32.9	46.1 40.1			49.1 47.0	Services and construction sub- indices also below 50
- Ulster Bank Construction	51.3	39.4	22.6	26.7	43.3			48.9	indices also below 50
									Goods trade surplus widened in
MERCHANDISE TRADE									August to €6.8bn from €4.8bn. Value of goods exports rises.
Export Values - 3M / 3M %	-3.0	10.0	5.9	8.9	-12.7	-3.8	-3.1	#N/A	Medical and pharma products
- 3MMA YoY %	1.3	16.5	9.2	8.9	-1.7	2.5	7.3	#N/A	up 12%. Imports down 10%, although the figure is distorted by a fall relating to transport, including aircraft imports
Import Values - 3M / 3M %	3.3	-0.9	-9.1	-18.5	-17.0	2.2	2 13.7	#N/A	
- 3MMA YoY %	1.9	1.1	-4.3	-14.6	-14.7	-4.9	-4.0	#N/A	
PUBLIC FINANCES									Tax receipts down 3.0% YTD at the end of Q3. Driven by VAT &
Total Tax Receipts: Cum YTD %	13.8	1.1	-0.6	0.0	0.7	-2.5	5 -2.3	-3.0	excise receipts. Corporation tax
Voted Spending : Cum YTD %	1.7	13.5	23.4	24.9	27.3	29.5	28.0	24.9	take up 27.9%. Net-voted expenditure up 24.9%, boosts
Exchequer Bal: 12 Mth Total €m	1,509	-922	-3,634	-5,434	-4,944	-7,654	-8,180	-8,764	exchequer deficit to €9.4bn
QUARTERLY DATA		Q3-18	Q4-18	Q1-19	Q2-19 (Q3-19 Q	4-19 Q1-2	0 Q2-20	Irish GDP contracted by 6.1% in
CDD VoV 0/		7.0	2.4	4.4	E C	6.3	F.O. F.	7 30	Q2 much smaller than expected. Due to favourable export product mix (Pharma etc.)
GDP - YoY %		7.9	3.4	4.4	5.6	6.3	5.9 5.	7 -3.0	
*Domestic Demand - YoY%		5.4	3.1	3.8	2.0	4.5	2.9 -0.		However, modified final
Consumer Spending - YoY %		3.1	2.0	3.4	3.6	3.0	2.7 -2.	5 -22.1	domestic demand down 16.4%
	national Sector							5 -22.1	*
Consumer Spending - YoY % Services Exports - YoY % (3Q Avg)	national Sector	3.1	2.0	3.4	3.6	3.0	2.7 -2.	5 -22.1	domestic demand down 16.4% in Q2, with consumer spending falling by 20% Employment declined by 3.4%
Consumer Spending - YoY % Services Exports - YoY % (3Q Avg) * Excludes Some Investment Related to the Multi	national Sector	3.1	2.0	3.4	3.6	3.0	2.7 -2.	5 -22.1 1 3.4	domestic demand down 16.4% in Q2, with consumer spending falling by 20% Employment declined by 3.4% YoY in Q2, but the true number
Consumer Spending - YoY % Services Exports - YoY % (3Q Avg) * Excludes Some Investment Related to the Multi EMPLOYMENT & EARNINGS	national Sector	3.1 11.0	2.0 12.2	3.4 12.5	3.6 13.2	3.0 13.4	2.7 -2. 13.6 10	5 -22.1 1 3.4 2 -3.4	domestic demand down 16.4% in Q2, with consumer spending falling by 20% Employment declined by 3.4% YoY in Q2, but the true number is likely higher as some are classified as having left the
Consumer Spending - YoY % Services Exports - YoY % (3Q Avg) * Excludes Some Investment Related to the Multi EMPLOYMENT & EARNINGS Employment YoY %	national Sector	3.1 11.0	2.0 12.2	3.4 12.5	3.6 13.2 2.0	3.0 13.4 2.4	2.7 -2. 13.6 10	5 -22.1 1 3.4 2 -3.4	domestic demand down 16.4% in Q2, with consumer spending falling by 20% Employment declined by 3.4% YoY in Q2, but the true number is likely higher as some are classified as having left the labour force instead
Consumer Spending - YoY % Services Exports - YoY % (3Q Avg) * Excludes Some Investment Related to the Multi EMPLOYMENT & EARNINGS Employment YoY % Labour Force YoY %	national Sector	3.1 11.0	2.0 12.2 2.3 1.5	3.4 12.5	3.6 13.2 2.0	3.0 13.4 2.4	2.7 -2. 13.6 10	5 -22.1 1 3.4 2 -3.4 1 -3.7	domestic demand down 16.4% in Q2, with consumer spending falling by 20% Employment declined by 3.4% YoY in Q2, but the true number is likely higher as some are classified as having left the labour force instead Weekly earnings growth higher
Consumer Spending - YoY % Services Exports - YoY % (3Q Avg) * Excludes Some Investment Related to the Multi EMPLOYMENT & EARNINGS Employment YoY % Labour Force YoY % Average Earnings YoY % - Hourly - Weekly	national Sector	3.1 11.0 3.0 2.0	2.0 12.2 2.3 1.5	3.4 12.5 3.7 2.7	3.6 13.2 2.0 1.3	3.0 13.4 2.4 1.6	2.7 -2. 13.6 10 3.5 2. 2.6 2	5 -22.1 1 3.4 2 -3.4 1 -3.7 0 7.9	domestic demand down 16.4% in Q2, with consumer spending falling by 20% Employment declined by 3.4% YoY in Q2, but the true number is likely higher as some are classified as having left the labour force instead
Consumer Spending - YoY % Services Exports - YoY % (3Q Avg) * Excludes Some Investment Related to the Multi EMPLOYMENT & EARNINGS Employment YoY % Labour Force YoY % Average Earnings YoY % - Hourly - Weekly Weekly Earnings YoY %	national Sector	3.1 11.0 3.0 2.0 2.1 3.5	2.0 12.2 2.3 1.5 3.2 3.5	3.4 12.5 3.7 2.7 2.8 3.6	2.0 1.3 3.3 3.6	3.0 13.4 2.4 1.6 4.0 3.6	2.7 -2. 13.6 10 3.5 2. 2.6 2 3.9 3. 3.8 3.	5 -22.1 1 3.4 2 -3.4 1 -3.7 0 7.9 7 6.2	domestic demand down 16.4% in Q2, with consumer spending falling by 20% Employment declined by 3.4% YoY in Q2, but the true number is likely higher as some are classified as having left the labour force instead Weekly earnings growth higher in Q2 2020, as the composition of the labour market changed with more lower paid workers
Consumer Spending - YoY % Services Exports - YoY % (3Q Avg) * Excludes Some Investment Related to the Multi EMPLOYMENT & EARNINGS Employment YoY % Labour Force YoY % Average Earnings YoY % - Hourly - Weekly	national Sector	3.1 11.0 3.0 2.0	2.0 12.2 2.3 1.5 3.2 3.5 3.9	3.4 12.5 3.7 2.7	3.6 13.2 2.0 1.3	3.0 13.4 2.4 1.6 4.0	2.7 -2. 13.6 10 3.5 2. 2.6 2	5 -22.1 1 3.4 2 -3.4 1 -3.7 0 7.9 7 6.2 0 6.4	domestic demand down 16.4% in Q2, with consumer spending falling by 20% Employment declined by 3.4% YoY in Q2, but the true number is likely higher as some are classified as having left the labour force instead Weekly earnings growth higher in Q2 2020, as the composition of the labour market changed
Consumer Spending - YoY % Services Exports - YoY % (3Q Avg) * Excludes Some Investment Related to the Multi EMPLOYMENT & EARNINGS Employment YoY % Labour Force YoY % Average Earnings YoY % - Hourly - Weekly Weekly Earnings YoY % - Private Sector - Public Sector	national Sector	3.0 2.0 2.1 3.5 3.9 2.1	2.0 12.2 2.3 1.5 3.2 3.5 3.9 1.8	3.4 12.5 3.7 2.7 2.8 3.6 4.5 0.8	2.0 1.3 3.3 3.6 4.0 1.9	3.0 13.4 2.4 1.6 4.0 3.6 4.0 1.3	2.7 -2. 13.6 10 3.5 2. 2.6 2 3.9 3. 3.8 3. 4.0 4. 3.1 3	5 -22.1 1 3.4 2 -3.4 1 -3.7 0 7.9 7 6.2 0 6.4 1 2.3	domestic demand down 16.4% in Q2, with consumer spending falling by 20% Employment declined by 3.4% YoY in Q2, but the true number is likely higher as some are classified as having left the labour force instead Weekly earnings growth higher in Q2 2020, as the composition of the labour market changed with more lower paid workers falling out of the labour force than higher paid
Consumer Spending - YoY % Services Exports - YoY % (3Q Avg) * Excludes Some Investment Related to the Multi EMPLOYMENT & EARNINGS Employment YoY % Labour Force YoY % Average Earnings YoY % - Hourly - Weekly Weekly Earnings YoY % - Private Sector	national Sector	3.1 11.0 3.0 2.0 2.1 3.5	2.0 12.2 2.3 1.5 3.2 3.5 3.9	3.4 12.5 3.7 2.7 2.8 3.6 4.5	2.0 1.3 3.3 3.6 4.0	3.0 13.4 2.4 1.6 4.0 3.6 4.0 1.3	2.7 -2. 13.6 10 3.5 2. 2.6 2 3.9 3. 3.8 3. 4.0 4.	5 -22.1 1 3.4 2 -3.4 1 -3.7 0 7.9 7 6.2 0 6.4 1 2.3 8 3290	domestic demand down 16.4% in Q2, with consumer spending falling by 20% Employment declined by 3.4% YoY in Q2, but the true number is likely higher as some are classified as having left the labour force instead Weekly earnings growth higher in Q2 2020, as the composition of the labour market changed with more lower paid workers falling out of the labour force than higher paid



Oliver Mangan Chief Economist oliver.n.mangan@aib.ie **John Fahey** Senior Economist john.j.fahey@aib.ie Daniel Noonan Economist daniel.x.noonan@aib.ie

AIB, 10 Molesworth Street, Dublin 2

Tel: 353-1-6600311

https://aib.ie/investorrelations/economic-research-unit

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